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**UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL LETTER
AND FEE TRANSMITTAL FORM (37 CFR 1.53(b))**

BOX PATENT APPLICATION

Assistant Commissioner for Patents

Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing under 37 CFR 1.53(b) is:

- ☒ a patent application
☐ a Continuation ☐ a Divisional ☐ a Continuation-in-Part (CIP)
of prior application no.: ; filed
☐ A Small Entity Statement(s) was filed in the prior application; Status still proper and desired.

Inventor(s) or Application Identifier:

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Entitled: **METHODS, SYSTEMS AND COMPUTER PROGRAM PRODUCTS FOR
POLICY BASED NETWORK CONTROL OF CHARACTERISTICS OF USER SESSIONS**

Enclosed are:

1. ☒ Application Transmittal Letter and Fee Transmittal Form (*A duplicate is enclosed for fee processing*)
2. ☒ 31 pages of Specification (including 42 claims)
3. ☒ 4 sheets of Formal Drawings (35 USC 113)
4. ☒ Oath or Declaration
 - a. ☒ newly executed (*original or copy*)
 - b. ☐ copy from prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d) (*for continuation/divisional*) [Note Box 5 Below]
 - c. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) (*Signed statement deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application*)
5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference (*useable if box 4b is checked*)

The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.
6. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (*Appendix*)
7. ☒ Assignment papers (*cover sheet(s) and document(s)*)
8. ☐ Small Entity Statement(s)
9. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement, PTO-1449, and references cited
10. ☐ Preliminary Amendment (***Please enter all claim amendments prior to calculating the filing fee.***)
11. ☐ English Translation Document
12. ☐ Certified Copy of Application No. ; Filed

13. ☐ Sequence Listing/ Sequence Listing Diskette
a. ☐ computer readable copy
b. ☐ paper copy
c. ☐ statement in support
14. ☐ An Associate Power of Attorney
15. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) (Should be specifically itemized)
16. ☐ Other:

The fee has been calculated as shown below:

	Column 1 No. Filed	Column 2 No. Extra	Small Entity Rate Fee	Large Entity Rate Fee
BASIC FEE			\$380.00	\$760.00
TOTAL CLAIMS	42- 20 =	22	x 9 = \$	x 18 = \$396.00
INDEP CLAIMS	6 - 3 =	3	x 39 = \$	x 78 = \$234.00
<input type="checkbox"/> MULTIPLE Dependent Claims Presented			+ 130 = \$	+ 260 = \$.
If the difference in Col. 1 is less than zero, Enter "0" in Col. 2			Total \$	Total \$1390.00

- ☐ A check in the amount of \$ to cover the filing fee is enclosed.
☐ A check in the amount of \$ is enclosed to cover the filing fee, PLUS the Assignment Recordation fee (\$40.00).
☒ Please charge my Deposit Account No. 09-0461 in the amount of \$1430.00 to cover the filing fee, PLUS the Assignment Recordation fee (\$40.00).
☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to credit overpayments or charge the following fees associated with this communication to Deposit Account No. 09-0461.
a. ☒ Additional filing fees under 37 CFR 1.16 for presentation of extra claims.
b. ☒ Additional patent application processing fees under 37 CFR 1.17.

Respectfully submitted,


Timothy J. O'Sullivan

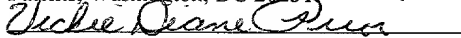
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Vickie Diane Prior
Date of Signature December 14, 1998

**METHODS, SYSTEMS AND COMPUTER PROGRAM PRODUCTS FOR
POLICY BASED NETWORK CONTROL OF CHARACTERISTICS OF
USER SESSIONS**

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to network
management in general and in particular to preference
management in a network environment.

Background of the Invention

Traditional mainframe computer configurations
provided for user interface to the computer through
computer terminals which were directly connected by
wires to ports of the mainframe computer. As computing
technology has evolved, processing power has typically
evolved from a central processing center with a number
of relatively low-processing power terminals to a
distributed environment of networked processors.
Examples of this shift in processing include local or
wide area computer networks which interconnect
individual work stations where each workstation has
substantial independent processing capabilities. This

shift may be further seen in the popularity of the Internet which interconnects many processors and networks of processors through devices such as, for example, routers. This type of network environment is often referred to as a client-server environment with client stations coupled to and supported by a server station.

In the modern distributed processing computer environment, control over software, such as application programs, is more difficult than where a mainframe operated by an administrator is used, particularly for large organizations with numerous client stations and servers distributed widely geographically and utilized by a large number of users. Furthermore, individual users may move from location to location and need to access the network from different client stations at different times. The networked environment increases the challenges for a network administrator in maintaining proper licenses for existing software and deploying new or updated application programs across the network.

A further complication in network systems is that, typically, these systems include combinations of network applications and native applications as well as combinations of different connection types and hardware devices. As used herein "native applications" refers to applications which are installed locally on a workstation such that characteristics associated with the native application are stored on the workstation. The combinations of network connections, differing hardware, native applications and network applicatons

makes portability of preferences or operating environment characteristics which provide consistency from workstation to workstation difficult. Furthermore, differences in hardware or connections may create inefficiencies as users move from workstation to workstation. For example, a user may, in a first session, access the network utilizing a high speed connection and a workstation with a high resolution color monitor to execute an application and then, in a later session, access the network to execute the same application from a mobile computer with a monochrome display and a low speed modem connection to the network. Thus, session content, such as color display data or preferences associated with the application, which may have been appropriate for the first session may be inappropriate or inefficient in a later session.

Efforts to address mobility of uses in a network have included efforts to provide preference mobility such as, for example, Novell's Z.E.N.works™, Microsoft's "Zero Administration" initiative for Windows® and International Business Machines Corporation's (IBM's) Workspace On Demand™. However, these solutions each typically require pre-installation of software at the workstation to support their services. For example, Novell's Z.E.N. and IBM's Workspace On Demand utilize a vendor-supplied support layer in the operating system to enable their services. In addition to modifying the workstations operating system at startup to setup tasks to customize the user's environment, the Microsoft Zero Administration solution may be limited to a homogeneous environment

where the workstation and the server are utilizing the same operating system.

Each of these "mobility" systems typically do not address the full range of complications which may arise in a heterogeneous network utilizing differing devices and connections. Users would typically have to manually define session characteristics at each differing workstation they used in the network or maintain local characteristic definitions which may be inappropriate for particular applications a user is executing and may substantially reduce the administrative convenience of a centrally controlled network. Thus, these various approaches fail to provide a seamless integration of session characteristics across heterogeneous network devices. Such solutions may reduce network administration only after initial installation on each workstation. Furthermore, content is typically not addressed such that inefficiencies in use of the network may result.

Summary of the Invention

Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention to provide methods, systems and computer program products for management of user sessions in a network environment.

It is a further object of the present invention to provide such methods, systems and computer program products which do not require pre-installation of software at the workstations.

It is a further object of the present invention to provide such methods, systems and computer program

products that can automatically accommodate various types of hardware operating under different operating systems.

5 These and other objects are provided, according to the present invention, by controlling a user session in a network by defining rules for controlling user sessions based on characteristics of an operating environment, determining the characteristics of an instance of an operating environment associated with a user session in the network and applying the defined rules to the determined characteristics to control the user session based on the characteristics of the instance of the operating environment. In particular, the type of network connection, the type of device connected to the network, the user identification of the user and/or the identification of an application executed by the user may be determined and the session controlled based on this determination. Preferably, the rules control the content of communications provided during the user session based on the characteristics of the operating environment.

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By controlling the user sessions based on rules, content provided to the user may be customized for the session. Thus, the user's session may be optimized for the instance of the operating environment of the user by leveraging information of the instance to provide session specific content to the user. Accordingly, network efficiency or device performance may be improved by not utilizing network bandwidth or system resources to handle information which is not needed by the user. Similarly, group consistency and mobility of

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the user in the network may be improved as the content provided to the user, including such things as characteristics of a network connection, characteristics of content associated with a device
5 utilized by the user and preferences associated with an application utilized by a user, may be modified based on the specific characteristics of an instance of the operating environment of the user.

10 In particular embodiments of the present invention, the rules may also control access to applications or the network based on the characteristics of an operating environment.

15 In another embodiment of the present invention, the defined rules are stored on a network accessible server. The defined rules are then obtained from the network accessible server in response to the determination of characteristics of an instance of an operating environment associated with a user session in the network. Preferably, the network accessible server
20 is an on-demand server.

In a further embodiment of the present invention, content provided to a device of a user of a network is controlled by providing session dependent information to a network device having stored policies which are
25 based on the session dependent information. The content provided by the network device to a device associated with the user is then automatically modified based on the policies and the provided session dependent information.

30 In particular, the session dependent content may include automatically translating content of a

communication provided to the device associated with the user from a first language to a second language. The session dependent information may include the type of network connection, the type of device connected to the network, the user identification of the user and/or an identification of an application executed by the user.

While the invention has been described above primarily with respect to the method aspects of the invention, both systems and computer program products are also provided.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 is a schematic diagram of a computer network suitable for use with the present invention;

Figure 2 is a flowchart illustrating operations of a policy based session management system according to an embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 3 is a flowchart illustrating operations of a particular embodiment of the policy based session managements system; and

Figure 4 is a flowchart of a particular embodiment of the present invention where the policy based session management system provides automatic language translation of session content.

Detailed Description of Preferred Embodiments

The present invention now will be described more fully hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which preferred embodiments of the invention are shown. This invention may, however, be

embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to the embodiments set forth herein; rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete, and will fully convey the scope of the invention to those skilled in the art. As will be appreciated by one of skill in the art, the present invention may be embodied as methods, systems or computer program products. Accordingly, the present invention may take the form of a hardware embodiment, a software embodiment or an embodiment combining software and hardware aspects.

Figure 1 illustrates an embodiment of a computer network suitable for use with the present invention. Computer network system 10 includes a server 20 such as a Tivoli™ server and on-demand servers 22, 22'. System 10 further includes client stations 24, 24', 26, 26'. As illustrated, on-demand servers 22, 22' are connected to server 20 over a first network segment 10'. Client stations 24, 24' are served by on-demand server 22 and communicate over network 10''. Similarly, clients 26, 26' are served by server 22' and communicate over network 10'''. As schematically illustrated in **Figure 1**, client stations 24, 24', 26, 26' may be hardware from a variety of vendors operating a variety of different operating systems. However, in a preferred embodiment, each of the client stations 24, 24', 26 and 26' are capable of executing a Java™ (Sun Microsystems, Inc.) enabled web browser.

System 10, as illustrated in **Figure 1**, is a centrally managed computer network with server 20

acting as the central administration station executing network management software such as TME 10™ from Tivoli Systems, Inc. Servers 22, 22' act as on-demand servers for their respective associated client stations 24, 24', 26, 26' and provide for client/server application support. It is further to be understood that networks 10', 10'', 10''' may be separate physical networks, separate partitions of a single physical network or may be a single network. Furthermore, server 20 may be configured to allow for direct communication between server 20 and clients 24, 24', 26, 26'.

As will be described further herein with reference to **Figure 2**, server 20, server 22 and/or server 22' may have stored on them or have access to a repository of rules or policies and preferences or data associated with the rules or policies so as to manage sessions with clients 24, 24', 26 and 26'. Thus, for example, server 20 could maintain the repository of policies and associated data which could then be accessed by on-demand servers 22 and 22'. Alternatively, a copy of the repository could be maintained at all or a portion of the servers.

Preferably, on-demand servers 22, 22' are configured to operate within the eNetwork™ environment available from International Business Machines Corporation. Preferably the present invention is utilized in an On-Demand Server™ (IBM) system such as that described in commonly assigned and concurrently filed United States Patent Application Serial No. _____, entitled *METHODS, SYSTEMS AND COMPUTER PROGRAM*

PRODUCTS FOR CENTRALIZED MANAGEMENT OF APPLICATION
PROGRAMS ON A NETWORK, and United States Patent
Application Serial Number _____, entitled METHODS,
SYSTEMS AND COMPUTER PROGRAM PRODUCTS FOR MANAGEMENT OF
5 CONFIGURABLE APPLICATION PROGRAMS ON A NETWORK, the
disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by
reference as if set forth fully herein. Similarly, the
present invention may be utilized with a local
application preference system such as that described in
10 concurrently filed and commonly assigned United States
Patent Application Serial Number _____, entitled
METHODS, SYSTEMS AND COMPUTER PROGRAM PRODUCTS FOR
MANAGEMENT OF PREFERENCES IN A HETEROGENEOUS COMPUTING
ENVIRONMENT, the disclosure of which is hereby
15 incorporated by reference as if set forth fully herein.
However, while the present invention may be implemented
in this environment, it is also suitable for use with
other client/server and network management
environments.

20 As is described in more detail below, the present
invention allows for control of a session based on
policies and information about the session. Thus, for
example, the present invention may control
characteristics of communications over a network
25 connection, characteristics of an application, access
to applications, or other session content based on
information about the instance of the operating
environment of the session. As used herein, the term
session refers to a period of time where the operating
30 environment of a remote processor connected to a
network is not expected to change. Thus, for example,

if the policies controlling a session relate to the network connection of the session and the type of hardware device connected to the session, then the session may be considered to start with connection to the network and end with disconnect. Similarly, if the control of the session utilizes policies further based on the user identification of a user logged on to the network, then the session may be considered to start when the user logs on and end when the user logs off. In an even finer granularity, if the policies controlling the session further control characteristics of an application, then the session may be considered to start when the application is invoked and end when the application is terminated. Thus, as can be seen from the above discussion, the concept of a session may vary depending on the particular policies or rules utilized and, further, multiple sessions may concurrently occur if multiple policies control differing aspects of user activity with respect to the network.

The present invention utilizes policies or rules to control a session by controlling the content and/or characteristics of the session based on information about the session. The types of information typically utilized to control a session will include the type of network connection (e.g. ethernet, modem, modem speed, duration of connection, etc), the type of device connected (e.g. desktop system, graphics workstation, laptop computer, personal data assistant (PDA), operating system, display type, etc), the application being executed or requested and the user identification

of the user. Collectively, this information makes up the operating environment of a user session. Based on all or part of the information about a user's operating environment, a centrally administered set of rules may be applied to customize the content provided to the user for the operating environment.

As an example, a user may use client 24' to connect to server 22 and execute a graphics program over network 10''. Client 24' may be a graphics workstation with a display resolution of 1280 X 1024 and be connected to the network over a 100MB ethernet adapter. When the user connects and requests the graphics application, the centrally administered rules would be applied to the request to customize the content provided for the particular operating environment. Thus, data may be provided to the client 24' in an uncompressed format and the information may be provided with 24 bit color and window locations and sizes and font sizes and the like set to accommodate the 1280 X 1024 display. When the user moves to client 26' which is a remote personal computer having an 800 X 600 display and using a modem to connect to network 10''' this information would then be used by the centrally administered rules to control the content provided to client 26'.

For example, if client 26' was incapable of running the graphics program, then the user's request for the program could be denied. Furthermore, if program execution was allowed, then the data provided over the lower speed modem connection could be

compressed to increase performance. The window sizes and locations could also be modified to assure that the windows would be displayed on the lower resolution display. Thus, the content provided to the user would be modified using predefined rules and based on information about the operating environment of a user's session.

In such a way, mobility within a heterogeneous network may be facilitated in that the control of content may be performed without user intervention based on the use of the centrally administered rules. As will be appreciated by those of skill in the art in light of the present disclosure, such a system may be utilized in any number of ways to control the characteristics of a session based on operating environment information. For example, to control network traffic to assure fairness, to prioritize content based on application priorities (e.g. provide content for higher priority applications before content for lower priority applications), to assure compliance with administrative directives, for license authentication, to provide user preferences to users as they move from client to client, or combinations of each of these examples. As described below, the present invention may be particularly well suited to, for example, control language translation.

Operations of the present invention will now be described with respect to the flowcharts of **Figure 2** through **Figure 4**. It will be understood that each block of the flowchart illustrations, and combinations of blocks in the flowchart illustrations, can be

implemented by computer program instructions. These
program instructions may be provided to a processor to
produce a machine, such that the instructions which
execute on the processor create means for implementing
the functions specified in the flowchart block or
blocks. The computer program instructions may be
executed by a processor to cause a series of
operational steps to be performed by the processor to
produce a computer implemented process such that the
instructions which execute on the processor provide
steps for implementing the functions specified in the
flowchart block or blocks.

Accordingly, blocks of the flowchart illustrations
support combinations of means for performing the
specified functions, combinations of steps for
performing the specified functions and program
instruction means for performing the specified
functions. It will also be understood that each block
of the flowchart illustrations, and combinations of
blocks in the flowchart illustrations, can be
implemented by special purpose hardware-based systems
which perform the specified functions or steps, or
combinations of special purpose hardware and computer
instructions.

Referring now to the flowchart of **Figure 2**,
operations for policy based management of session
content are illustrated. As seen in **Figure 2**, a
central policy server, such as servers **20**, **22** or **22'**,
receives a tuple of operating environment information
associated with a session on a workstation **24**, **24'**, **26**
or **26'** (block 100). Such a tuple preferably includes

{connection type; connected device; userid;
application}. The level of detail in the information
provided to the central policy server may vary
depending on the policies or rules implemented. For
5 example, if rules are based on a display resolution,
then the information provided should include some
information about the display. However, such
information may be implicitly provided, for example, by
categorizing devices based on common capabilities and
10 then providing a device category to the central policy
server. Furthermore, the information may be obtained
or provided to the central policy server from a number
of sources including the workstation, network devices
connected to the workstation, servers associated with
15 communications to or from the workstation or other
sources. Thus, the information may be accumulated by
the central policy server from various sources or may
be received directly from the workstation itself.

The central policy server then uses the
20 information in the tuple to modify the content to be
provided to the user (block 102) and the modified
content is provided to the user (block 104). As
described above, such modification of content may take
many forms, including, but not limited to, compressing
25 data for network transmission, removing color
components for monochrome displays, providing text only
for lower speed connections or text displays,
prioritizing communications, varying preferences or
setup options based on device characteristics, userids
30 or the like. Furthermore, as the control of content is
rules based, the content may be modified based on

combinations of information about the instance of the operating environment associated with a session.

Figure 3 illustrates a particular example of a policy based system according to the present invention.

5 As seen in **Figure 3**, a tuplelet associated with the network user (block **120**) becomes available for processing and it is determined from the userid and application specified by the tuplelet if the userid has access rights to the requested application (block **122**).
10 If the userid does not have access rights, then the request to execute the application is rejected and the server waits for the next tuplelet event to process (*i.e.* receipt of a tuplelet or obtaining of a tuplelet).

If the userid does have access rights, then it is
15 determined if the network connection and device portions of the tuplelet specify a device and a connection which allow execution to the application (block **124**). If not, then the request to execute the application is rejected. If the request is accepted,
20 then it may be determined if the connection specified by the tuplelet would benefit from modification of the content (block **126**), for example, by compression of the data transmitted over a low speed connection. If content modification for the connection is selected
25 based on the tuplelet, then content modification may be initiated for the connection (block **128**). As described above, the type of content modification may vary from connection to connection. Other examples of content modification based on connection characteristics

include removal of material such as graphics or text or the prioritization of material such as text.

Irrespective of content modification based on the connection portion of the tuple, it is also determined if content modification is appropriate based on the device portion of the tuple (block 130). If application of the rules determines that content modification for the specified device characteristics is appropriate, then the content modification for the device is initiated (block 132). Such content modification may include any number of modifications, including modification of graphic information to provide monochrome information to monochrome monitors, modification of information based on operating system characteristics, display size, memory capacity, hard drive space, processing speed or other device dependent operating environment characteristics. For example, if it is determined that a system only supports 16 colors, then the content may be modified to reduce the color information from, for example, 24 bit color to 16 colors.

As is further seen in **Figure 3**, it may also be determined if content modification is appropriate based on the application which is to be performed (block 134). If so, then the content modification for the application may be initiated (block 136). For example, application specific content modification may include modifying web pages provided to a web browser application to account for the type of browser or in combination with the userid or other information, to translate the content into another language.

Furthermore, applications such as data base applications or other applications requiring high network bandwidth may cause the content to be modified to compress the data before transmission over the network. Other examples of modification of the content based on the application may include restructuring content to provide a simplified user interface.

While the example of **Figure 3** illustrates modification based on a single characteristics and combinations of characteristics, as will be appreciated by those of skill in the art, modification may be based on any combination of characteristics provided to the central policy server.

Figure 4 illustrates a specific example of a language translator according to the present invention. Such a language translator may be utilized, for example, at a theme park or other venue where visitors who speak differing languages would utilize a pervasive computing device such as a PDA which communicates with a central server to obtain information about the park. As seen in **Figure 4**, session dependent information is obtained from the client device (block 150) and a determination made based on the session dependent information if translation of content provided to the client is required (block 152). For example, each different type of device in the theme park setting could translate to a different language. When a user activates the device, the device characteristics are provided to a common server which, based on the device, translates the content provided to the device to differing languages. This translation may be dynamic

or may be by selecting content in the appropriate language from pre-translated sources. Alternatively, in a web browser setting, the "language" setting of the operating system associated with a user session could
5 be provided to the server and used to automatically modify content provided to the user's web browser to translate the content to the specified language.

If language translation of the content is required then the language for translation is selected based on
10 the session dependent information (block 154) and the content translated to the selected language (block 156). The translated content may then be provided to the client device (block 158). Thus, the selection of whether to translate content to a different language
15 and the translation language may be established without user intervention based on session dependent information such as user preferences, device types or the like.

In the drawings and specification, there have been
20 disclosed typical preferred embodiments of the invention and, although specific terms are employed, they are used in a generic and descriptive sense only and not for purposes of limitation, the scope of the invention being set forth in the following claims.

THAT WHICH IS CLAIMED:

1. A method of controlling a user session in a network, the method comprising:

defining rules for controlling user sessions based on characteristics of an operating environment;

5 determining characteristics of an instance of an operating environment associated with a user session in the network;

10 applying the defined rules to the determined characteristics to control the user session based on the characteristics of the instance of the operating environment.

2. A method according to Claim 1, wherein the step of determining characteristics of an instance of an operating environment comprises the step of determining at least one of a type of network
5 connection, a type of device connected to the network, a user identification of the user and an identification of an application executed by the user.

3. A method according to Claim 1, wherein the step of defining rules for controlling user sessions comprises defining rules which control content of communications provided to user during user sessions
5 based on the characteristics of the operating environment.

4. A method according to Claim 3, wherein the rules comprise rules which control at least one of characteristics of a network connection,

characteristics of content associated with a device
5 utilized by the user, and preferences associated with
an application utilized by a user.

5. A method according to Claim 4, wherein the
content controlled by the rules is controlled based on
at least one of a type of network connection, a type of
device connected to the network, a user identification
5 of the user and an identification of an application
executed by the user.

6. A method according to Claim 1, wherein the
step of defining rules for controlling user sessions
comprises the step of defining rules which control
access to at least one of applications and the network
5 based on the characteristics of an operating
environment.

7. A method according to Claim 1, further
comprising the steps of:

storing the defined rules on a network accessible
device; and

5 obtaining the defined rules from the network
accessible device in response to the determination of
characteristics of an instance of an operating
environment associated with a user session in the
network.

8. A method according to Claim 7, wherein the
network accessible device is an on-demand server.

9. A method of controlling content provided to a device of a user of a network, the method comprising:

providing session dependent information associated with the device to a network device having stored policies which are based on the session dependent information; and

automatically modifying the content provided by the network device to the device based on the policies and the provided session dependent information.

10. A method according to Claim 9, wherein the step of automatically modifying the content comprises the step of automatically translating content of a communication provided to the device associated with the user from a first language to a second language.

11. A method according to Claim 10, wherein the session dependent information comprises at least one of a type of network connection, a type of device connected to the network, a user identification of the user and an identification of an application executed by the user.

12. A method according to Claim 9, wherein the policies comprise policies which control at least one of characteristics of a network connection, characteristics of content associated with a device utilized by the user, and preferences associated with an application utilized by a user.

13. A method according to Claim 12, wherein the content controlled by the policies is controlled based on at least one of a type of network connection, a type of device connected to the network, a user
5 identification of the user and an identification of an application executed by the user.

14. A method according to Claim 12, further comprising the step of controlling access to at least one of applications and the network utilizing policies based on the session dependent information.

15. A system for controlling a user session in a network, comprising:

means for defining rules for controlling user sessions based on characteristics of an operating
5 environment;

means for determining characteristics of an instance of an operating environment associated with a user session in the network;

10 means for applying the defined rules to the determined characteristics to control the user session based on the characteristics of the instance of the operating environment.

16. A system according to Claim 15, wherein the means for determining characteristics of an instance of an operating environment comprises means for determining at least one of a type of network
5 connection, a type of device connected to the network,

a user identification of the user and an identification of an application executed by the user.

17. A system according to Claim 15, wherein the means for defining rules for controlling user sessions comprises means for defining rules which control content of communications provided to user a during user sessions based on the characteristics of the operating environment.

18. A system according to Claim 17, wherein the rules comprise rules which control at least one of characteristics of a network connection, characteristics of content associated with a device utilized by the user, and preferences associated with an application utilized by a user.

19. A system according to Claim 18, wherein the content controlled by the rules is controlled based on at least one of a type of network connection, a type of device connected to the network, a user identification of the user and an identification of an application executed by the user.

20. A system according to Claim 15, wherein the means for defining rules for controlling user sessions comprises means for defining rules which control access to at least one of applications and the network based on the characteristics of an operating environment.

21. A system according to Claim 15, further comprising:

means for storing the defined rules on a network accessible device; and

5 means for obtaining the defined rules from the network accessible device in response to the determination of characteristics of an instance of an operating environment associated with a user session in the network.

22. A system according to Claim 21, wherein the network accessible device is an on-demand server.

23. A system for controlling content provided to a device of a user of a network, comprising:

means for providing session dependent information associated with the device to a network device having
5 stored policies which are based on the session dependent information; and

means for automatically modifying the content provided by the network device to the device based on the policies and the provided session dependent
10 information.

24. A system according to Claim 23, wherein the means for automatically modifying the content comprises means for automatically translating content of a communication provided to the device associated with
5 the user from a first language to a second language.

25. A system according to Claim 24, wherein the session dependent information comprises at least one of a type of network connection, a type of device connected to the network, a user identification of the user and an identification of an application executed by the user.

26. A system according to Claim 23, wherein the policies comprise policies which control at least one of characteristics of a network connection, characteristics of content associated with a device utilized by the user, and preferences associated with an application utilized by a user.

27. A system according to Claim 26, wherein the content controlled by the policies is controlled based on at least one of a type of network connection, a type of device connected to the network, a user identification of the user and an identification of an application executed by the user.

28. A system according to Claim 26, further comprising means for controlling access to at least one of applications and the network utilizing policies based on the session dependent information.

29. A computer program product for controlling a user session in a network, comprising:

a computer readable storage medium having computer readable program code means embodied in said medium, said computer readable program code means comprising:

computer readable program code means for defining rules for controlling user sessions based on characteristics of an operating environment;

10 computer readable program code means for determining characteristics of an instance of an operating environment associated with a user session in the network;

15 computer readable program code means for applying the defined rules to the determined characteristics to control the user session based on the characteristics of the instance of the operating environment.

30. A computer program product according to Claim 29, wherein the computer readable program code means for determining characteristics of an instance of an operating environment comprises computer readable
5 program code means for determining at least one of a type of network connection, a type of device connected to the network, a user identification of the user and an identification of an application executed by the user.

31. A computer program product according to Claim 29, wherein the computer readable program code means for defining rules for controlling user sessions comprises computer readable program code means for defining rules which control content of communications provided to a user during user sessions based on the characteristics of the operating environment.

32. A computer program product according to Claim 31, wherein the rules comprise rules which control at least one of characteristics of a network connection, characteristics of content associated with a device
5 utilized by the user, and preferences associated with an application utilized by a user.

33. A computer program product according to Claim 32, wherein the content controlled by the rules is controlled based on at least one of a type of network connection, a type of device connected to the network,
5 a user identification of the user and an identification of an application executed by the user.

34. A computer program product according to Claim 29, wherein the computer readable program code means for defining rules for controlling user sessions comprises computer readable program code means for
5 defining rules which control access to at least one of applications and the network based on the characteristics of an operating environment.

35. A computer program product according to Claim 29, further comprising:

computer readable program code means for storing the defined rules on a network accessible device; and

5 computer readable program code means for obtaining the defined rules from the network accessible device in response to the determination of characteristics of an instance of an operating environment associated with a user session in the network.

36. A computer program product according to Claim 35, wherein the network accessible device is an on-demand server.

37. A computer program product for controlling content provided to a device of a user of a network, comprising:

a computer readable storage medium having computer readable program code means embodied in said medium, said computer readable program code means comprising:

computer readable program code means for providing session dependent information associated with the device to a network device having stored policies which are based on the session dependent information; and

computer readable program code means for automatically modifying the content provided by the network device to the device based on the policies and the provided session dependent information.

38. A computer program product according to Claim 37, wherein computer readable program code means for automatically modifying the content comprises computer readable code means for automatically translating content of a communication provided to the device associated with the user from a first language to a second language.

39. A computer program product according to Claim 38, wherein the session dependent information comprises at least one of a type of network connection, a type of

device connected to the network, a user identification
5 of the user and an identification of an application
executed by the user.

40. A computer program product according to Claim
37, wherein the policies comprise policies which
control at least one of characteristics of a network
connection, characteristics of content associated with
5 a device utilized by the user, and preferences
associated with an application utilized by a user.

41. A computer program product according to Claim
40, wherein the content controlled by the policies is
controlled based on at least one of a type of network
connection, a type of device connected to the network,
5 a user identification of the user and an identification
of an application executed by the user.

42. A computer program product according to Claim
40, further comprising computer readable program code
means for controlling access to at least one of
applications and the network utilizing policies based
5 on the session dependent information.

METHODS, SYSTEMS AND COMPUTER PROGRAM PRODUCTS FOR
POLICY BASED NETWORK CONTROL OF CHARACTERISTICS OF
USER SESSIONS

Abstract of the Disclosure

Methods, systems and computer program products are provided for controlling a user session in a network by defining rules for controlling user sessions based on characteristics of an operating environment,
5 determining the characteristics of an instance of an operating environment associated with a user session in the network and applying the defined rules to the determined characteristics to control the user session based on the characteristics of the instance of the
10 operating environment. In particular, the type of network connection, the type of device connected to the network, the user identification of the user and/or the identification of an application executed by the user may be determined and the session controlled based on
15 this determination. Preferably, the rules control the content of communications provided during the user session based on the characteristics of the operating environment.

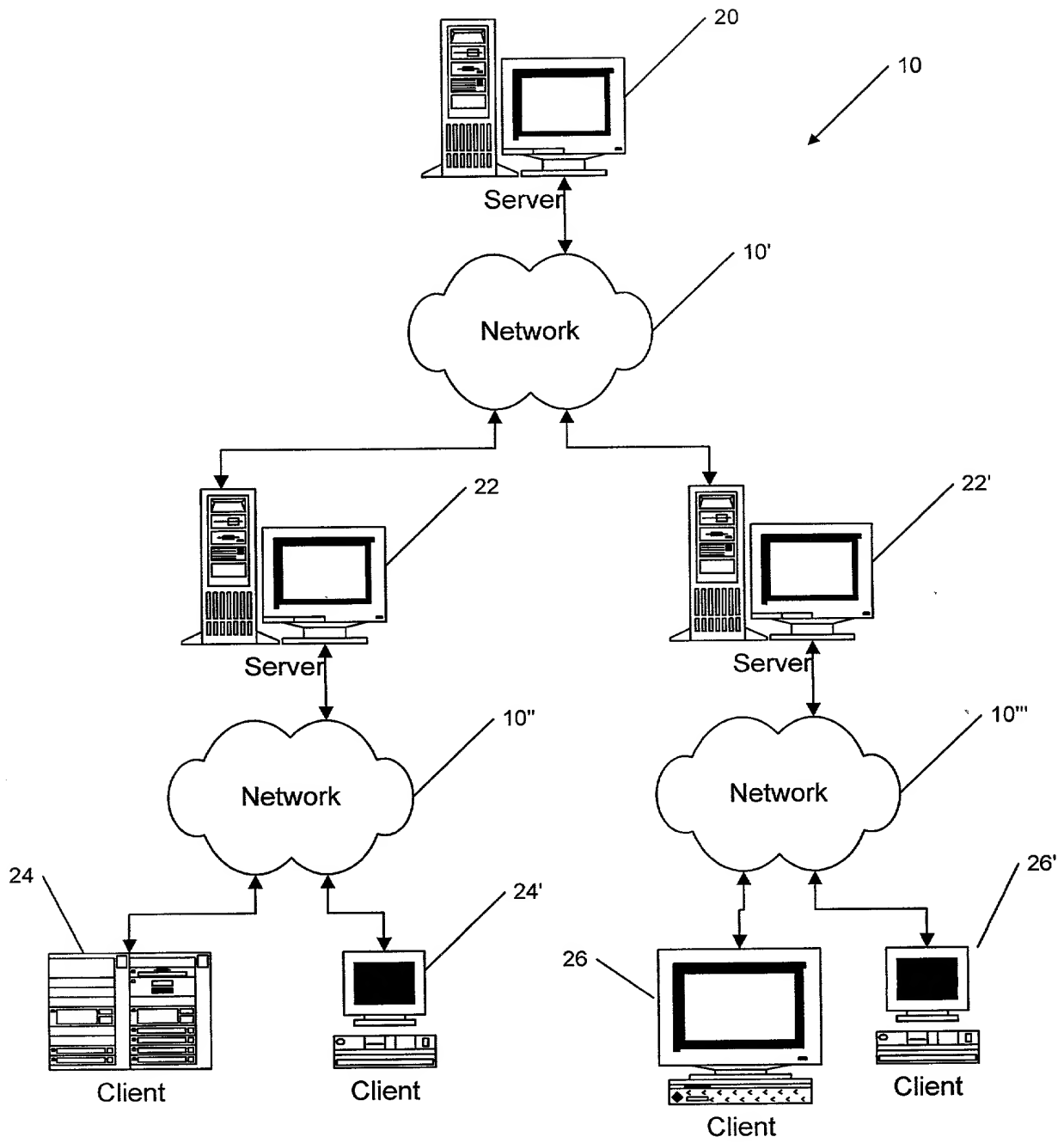


Figure 1

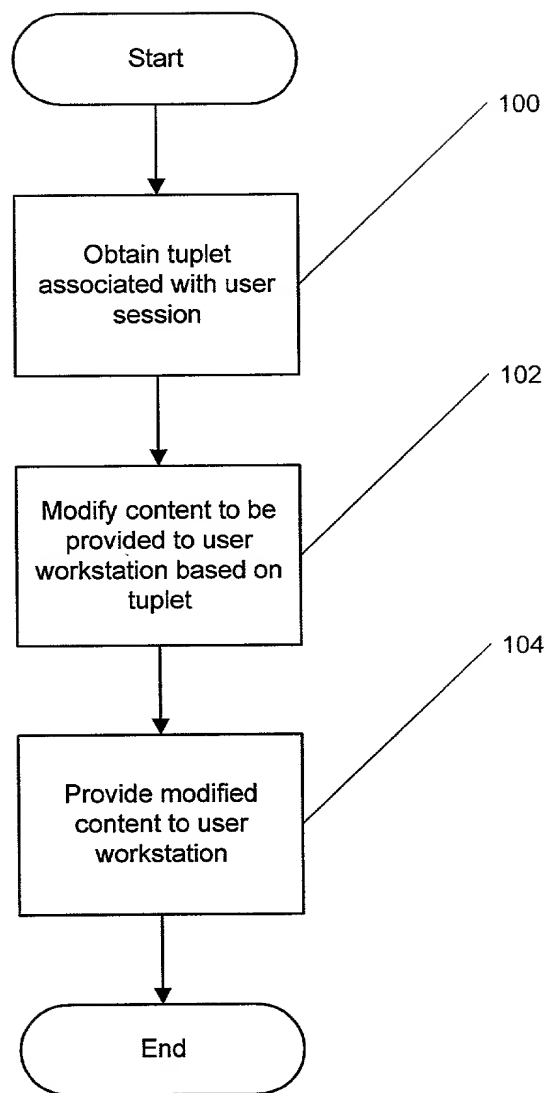


Figure 2

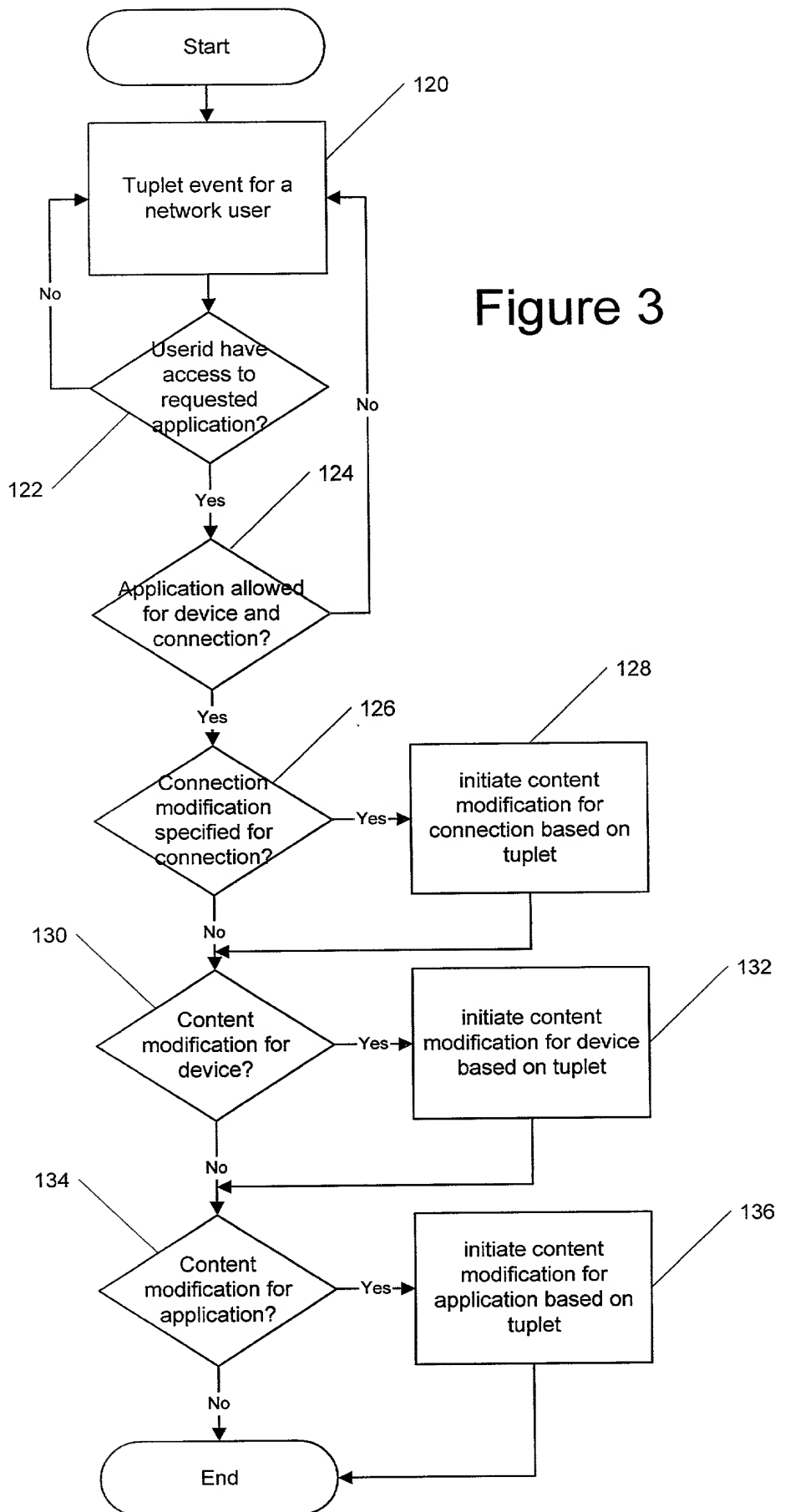


Figure 3

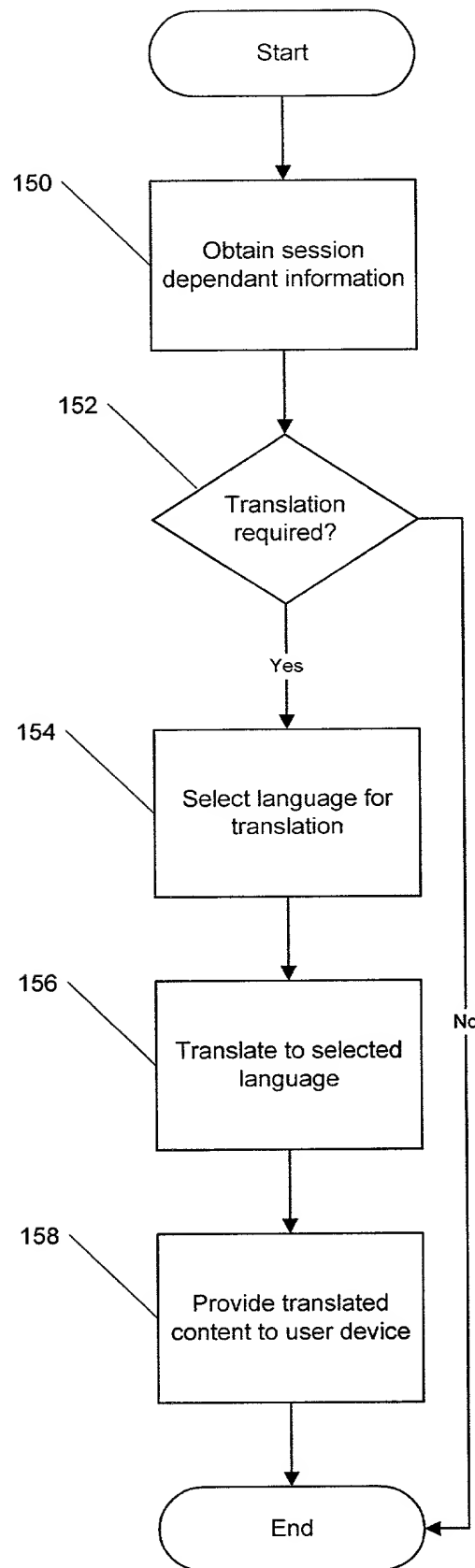


Figure 4

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION

Attorney Docket No. 5577-108

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

METHODS, SYSTEMS AND COMPUTER PROGRAM PRODUCTS FOR POLICY BASED NETWORK CONTROL OF CHARACTERISTICS OF USER SESSIONS,

the specification of which

☒ [X] is attached hereto

OR

☐ [] was filed on _____ as United States Application No. or PCT International

Application Number _____ and was amended on _____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

None			<input type="checkbox"/> [] Yes <input type="checkbox"/> [] No
Number	Country	MM/DD/YYYY Filed	Priority Claimed
			<input type="checkbox"/> [] Yes <input type="checkbox"/> [] No
Number	Country	MM/DD/YYYY Filed	Priority Claimed
			<input type="checkbox"/> [] Yes <input type="checkbox"/> [] No
Number	Country	MM/DD/YYYY Filed	Priority Claimed

ENGLISH LANGUAGE DECLARATION CONTINUED

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

None	
Application Number(s)	Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)
Application Number(s)	Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s) or § 365(c) of any PCT international application designating the United States of America, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application (37 C.F.R. § 1.63(d)).

None		
Appln. Serial No.	Filing Date	Status Patented/Pending/Abandoned
Appln. Serial No.	Filing Date	Status Patented/Pending/Abandoned
Appln. Serial No.	Filing Date	Status Patented/Pending/Abandoned

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE DECLARATION CONTINUED

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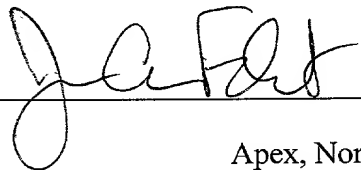
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